

Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Date : \_\_\_\_\_

## Percent Composition, Molecular Formula, and Empirical Formula

1. What is the percent composition by mass of all elements in iron (III) oxide?
2. Analysis of a compound's sample indicates that it has 1.04 g K, 0.70 g Cr, and 0.86 g O. What is its empirical formula?
3. If 4.04 g of nitrogen combine with 11.46 g of oxygen to produce a compound with a molar mass of 108 g, what is the molecular formula of this compound? What is its molecular mass?
4. Phosphoric acid is found in some soft drinks. A sample of phosphoric acid contains 3.161 g of phosphorous, 0.3086 g of hydrogen, and 6.531 g of oxygen. What is its empirical formula?
5. What is the empirical formula of a compound with three times as many hydrogen atoms as carbon atoms but only half as many oxygen atoms as carbon atoms?
6. Can the molecular formula of a compound ever be the same as the empirical formula?

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## Percent Composition, Molecular Formula, and Empirical Formula

### Answers

1. What is the percent composition by mass of all elements in iron (III) oxide?

Molecular formula =  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3$

Fe:  $2 \times 56 \text{ g} = 112 \text{ g}$

O:  $3 \times 16 \text{ g} = 48 \text{ g}$

Mass of  $\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_3 = 112 \text{ g} + 48 \text{ g} = 160 \text{ g}$

Fe:  $112 \text{ g} / 160 \text{ g} = 70\%$

O:  $48 \text{ g} / 160 \text{ g} = 30\%$

2. Analysis of a compound's sample indicates that it has 1.04 g K, 0.70 g Cr, and 0.86 g O. What is its empirical formula?

K:  $1.04 \text{ g} / 39 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.027 \text{ mol} / 0.0135 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 2$

Cr:  $0.70 \text{ g} / 52 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.0135 \text{ mol} / 0.0135 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 1$

O:  $0.86 \text{ g} / 16 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.054 \text{ mol} / 0.0135 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 4$

The empirical formula is  $\text{K}_2\text{CrO}_4$

3. If 4.04 g of nitrogen combine with 11.46 g of oxygen to produce a compound with a molar mass of 108 g, what is the molecular formula of this compound? What is its molecular mass?

N:  $4.04 \text{ g} / 14 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.289 \text{ mol} / 0.289 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 1 \times 2 = 2$

O:  $11.46 \text{ g} / 16 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.716 \text{ mol} / 0.289 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 2.48 \times 2 = 5$

The empirical formula is  $\text{N}_2\text{O}_5$

Molecular mass =  $28 \text{ g} + 80 \text{ g} = 108 \text{ g}$

N:  $2 \times 14 \text{ g} = 28 \text{ g}$

O:  $5 \times 16 \text{ g} = 80 \text{ g}$

4. Phosphoric acid is found in some soft drinks. A sample of phosphoric acid contains 3.161 g of phosphorous, 0.3086 g of hydrogen, and 6.531 g of oxygen. What is its empirical formula?

P:  $3.161 \text{ g} / 30.97 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.102 \text{ mol} / 0.102 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 1$

H:  $0.3086 \text{ g} / 1.01 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.306 \text{ mol} / 0.102 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 3$

O:  $6.531 \text{ g} / 16 \text{ g mol}^{-1} = 0.408 \text{ mol} / 0.102 \text{ mol} \rightarrow 4$

The empirical formula is  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$

5. What is the empirical formula of a compound with three times as many hydrogen atoms as carbon atoms but only half as many oxygen atoms as carbon atoms?

$3 \times \text{H as C and } \frac{1}{2} \text{ O as C} \Rightarrow 6 \text{ H as } 2 \text{ C and O as } 2 \text{ C}$

The empirical formula is  $\text{C}_2\text{H}_6\text{O}$

6. Can the molecular formula of a compound ever be the same as the empirical formula?

Yes, if the molar mass matches the mass of the compound's empirical formula.