

Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Date : \_\_\_\_\_

## Half-life Practice with Problems

1. Mercury-197 has a half-life of 3 days. If the amount of mercury-197 needed for a study is 1 gram and the time allowed for a shipment to a lab is 15 days, how much mercury-197 will the lab need to order?
2. What is the half-life of a 100-gram sample of nitrogen-16 that decays to 12.5 grams in 21.6 seconds?
3. The half-life of hafnium-156 is 0.025 seconds. How long will a 560-gram sample decay to  $\frac{1}{4}$ <sup>th</sup> of its original mass?
4. Chromium-48 has a short half-life of 21.6 hours. How long will it take 360 grams of chromium-48 to decay to 11.25 grams?
5. If the half-life of iodine-131 is 8.10 days, how long will it take a 50-gram sample to decay to 3.125 grams?

## Half-life Practice with Problems

### Answers

1. Mercury-197 has a half-life of 3 days. If the amount of mercury-197 needed for a study is 1 gram and the time allowed for a shipment to a lab is 15 days, how much mercury-197 will the lab need to order?

32 grams

In 15 days, mercury-197 passes through 5 half-lives ( $15/3 = 5$ ). So, the amount that the lab will need to order is  $1 \times 2^5 = 32$  grams.

2. What is the half-life of a 100-gram sample of nitrogen-16 that decays to 12.5 grams in 21.6 seconds?

7.2 seconds

For the sample to decay from a 100 grams to 12.5 grams, it passes through 3 half-lives ( $100 \times \frac{1}{2} = 50 \times \frac{1}{2} = 25 \times \frac{1}{2} = 12.5$ ). So the half-life of nitrogen-16 is  $21.6/3 = 7.2$  seconds.

3. The half-life of hafnium-156 is 0.025 seconds. How long will a 560-gram sample decay to  $\frac{1}{4}$  th of its original mass?

0.05 seconds

If a sample has decayed to  $\frac{1}{4}$  th of its original mass, it has passed through 2 half-lives. So the time taken is  $= 2 \times 0.025 = 0.05$  seconds.

4. Chromium-48 has a short half-life of 21.6 hours. How long will it take 360 grams of chromium-48 to decay to 11.25 grams?

108 hours

For 360 grams to decay to 11.25 grams, it has to pass through 5 half-lives ( $360 \times \frac{1}{2} = 180 \times \frac{1}{2} = 90 \times \frac{1}{2} = 45 \times \frac{1}{2} = 22.5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 11.25$ ). So, the time taken for the sample to decay  $= 21.6 \times 5 = 108$  hours.

5. If the half-life of iodine-131 is 8.10 days, how long will it take a 50-gram sample to decay to 3.125 grams?

32.4 days

The sample passes through 4 half-lives ( $50 \times \frac{1}{2} = 25 \times \frac{1}{2} = 12.5 \times \frac{1}{2} = 6.25 \times \frac{1}{2} = 3.125$ ). So the time taken  $= 8.1 \times 4 = 32.4$  days.