Half-Life Worksheet

1. Define the term half-life.
2. What is the utility of determining the half-life of a radioactive isotope?
3. The half-life of iodine-125 is 60 days. What fraction of iodine-125 nuclides would be left after 360 days?
4. An isotope of cesium-137 has a half-life of 30 years. If 1.0 g of cesium-137 disintegrates over a period of 90 years, how many grams of cesium-137 would remain?
5. How long does it take 180 grams of Au-198 to decay to $\frac{1}{8}$ th its original mass? (Half-life of Au-198 = 2.70 days)
6. The half-life of chromium-51 is 28 days. How much of a sample of 510 grams of chromium-51 would remain after 56 days?
7. Titanium-51 has a half-life of 6 minutes. How much titanium-51 would remain after an hour?

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Answers

1. Define the term half-life.

The amount of time taken by half the radioactive atoms in an isotope to decay and become stable is termed half-life.

- 2. What is the utility of determining the half-life of a radioactive isotope? If the half-life of a radioactive isotope is known, we can determine how long it will be radioactive, how long it will need to be stored, and when it will be safe to handle.
- 3. The half-life of iodine-125 is 60 days. What fraction of iodine-125 nuclides would be left after 360 days?

1/64th

Number of half-lives of iodine-125: 360/60 = 6

If we start with 1 gram of iodine-125, then after one half-life, we'll have $\frac{1}{2}$ gram. After five more half-lives, we get $\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{8} \Rightarrow 1/16 \Rightarrow 1/32 \Rightarrow 1/64$

4. An isotope of cesium-137 has a half-life of 30 years. If 1.0 g of cesium-137 disintegrates over a period of 90 years, how many grams of cesium-137 would remain?

0.125 grams

Number of half-lives of cesium-137: 90/30 = 3

If we start with 1 gram of cesium-137, then after three half-lives, we'll have $1 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{8}$ or 0.125 grams.

5. How long does it take 180 grams of Au-198 to decay to $\frac{1}{8}$ th its original mass? (Half-life of Au-198 = 2.70 days)

8.1 days

For Au-198 to decay to $\frac{1}{8}$ th of its original mass, it must go through 3 half-lives $(1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{4} \rightarrow \frac{1}{8})$. Hence, the time required = 3 x 2.7 days = 8.1 days.

6. The half-life of chromium-51 is 28 days. How much of a sample of 510 grams of chromium-51 would remain after 56 days?

127.5 grams

After 56 days, chromium-51 will have gone through 2 half-lives (56/28 = 2). So the amount of chromium-51 left after 56 days will be = $510 \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} = 127.5$ grams (128 grams if rounded off).

7. Titanium-51 has a half-life of 6 minutes. How much titanium-51 would remain after an hour?

1/1024 th

After 1 hour, 10 half-lives of titanium-51 will have passed (1 hour = 60 minutes; 60/6 = 10). So after 10 half-lives, we would be left with 1/210 = 1/1024th titanium-51.