| 1. What is an isotope | 1. | . What | is | an | isotop | e? |
|-----------------------|----|--------|----|----|--------|----|
|-----------------------|----|--------|----|----|--------|----|

- 2. What does the hyphenated number next to isotopes signify?
- 3. How can you tell isotopes of the same element apart?
- 4. Write the number of protons, neutrons, and electrons for the following isotopes. Assume all atoms are neutral.

|                | Carbon-12 | Carbon-13 | Carbon-14 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| # of protons   |           |           |           |
| # of neutrons  |           |           |           |
| # of electrons |           |           |           |

|                | Chromium-58 | Chromium-63 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| # of protons   |             |             |
| # of neutrons  |             |             |
| # of electrons |             |             |

|                | Nitrogen-15 | Nitrogen-20 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| # of protons   |             |             |
| # of neutrons  |             |             |
| # of electrons |             |             |

|                | Sodium-12 | Sodium-20 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| # of protons   |           |           |
| # of neutrons  |           |           |
| # of electrons |           |           |

|                | Sulfur-23 | Sulfur-25 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| # of protons   |           |           |
| # of neutrons  |           |           |
| # of electrons |           |           |

|                | Selenium-50 | Selenium-55 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| # of protons   |             |             |
| # of neutrons  |             |             |
| # of electrons |             |             |

## **Answers**

## 1. What is an isotope?

Isotopes are different versions of the same element. They have the same number of protons and electrons as the element but different mass numbers and the number of neutrons.

2. What does the hyphenated number next to isotopes signify?

The number indicates the isotope's mass number.

3. How can you tell isotopes of the same element apart?

They will have different mass numbers and different numbers of neutrons.

4. Write the number of protons, neutrons, and electrons for the following isotopes. Assume all atoms are neutral.

|                | Carbon-12 | Carbon-13 | Carbon-14 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| # of protons   | 6         | 6         | 6         |
| # of neutrons  | 6         | 7         | 8         |
| # of electrons | 6         | 6         | 6         |

|                | Chromium-58 | Chromium-63 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| # of protons   | 24          | 24          |
| # of neutrons  | 34          | 39          |
| # of electrons | 24          | 24          |

|                | Nitrogen-15 | Nitrogen-20 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| # of protons   | 7           | 7           |
| # of neutrons  | 8           | 13          |
| # of electrons | 7           | 7           |

|                | Sodium-12 | Sodium-20 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| # of protons   | 11        | 11        |
| # of neutrons  | 1         | 9         |
| # of electrons | 11        | 11        |

|                | Sulfur-23 | Sulfur-25 |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|
| # of protons   | 16        | 16        |
| # of neutrons  | 7         | 18        |
| # of electrons | 16        | 16        |

|                | Selenium-50 | Selenium-55 |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| # of protons   | 16          | 16          |
| # of neutrons  | 34          | 39          |
| # of electrons | 16          | 16          |