

Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Date : \_\_\_\_\_

## pH and pOH Worksheet

1. Calculate the pH and pOH for the following solutions:

a)  $[H^+] = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$

b)  $[OH^-] = 3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$

c)  $[H^+] = 2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$

d)  $[OH^-] = 7.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$

e)  $[H^+] = 1.2 \times 10^{-14} \text{ M}$

f)  $[H^+] = 6.0 \text{ M}$

2. Calculate  $[H^+]$  and  $[OH^-]$  for the following:

a)  $\text{pH} = 3.0$

b)  $\text{pOH} = 2.6$

c)  $\text{pOH} = 5.63$

d)  $\text{pH} = 7.51$

e)  $\text{pOH} = -1.13$

f)  $\text{pH} = 0.03$

3. Calculate the pH and pOH of the following acids:

a) 0.5 M perchloric acid,  $\text{HClO}_4$

b) 1.3 M hydrochloric acid,  $\text{HCl}$

c) 0.257 M nitric acid,  $\text{HNO}_3$

d) 0.75 M sulfuric acid,  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$

# pH and pOH Worksheet

1. Calculate the pH and pOH for the following solutions:

a)  $[H^+] = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ M}$

$$\text{pH} = -\log [H^+] = -\log (1 \times 10^{-5}) = 5$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - \text{pH} = 14 - 5 = 9$$

b)  $[OH^-] = 3 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$

$$\text{pOH} = -\log [OH^-] = -\log (3 \times 10^{-8}) = 7.52$$

$$\text{pH} = 14 - \text{pOH} = 14 - 7.52 = 6.48$$

c)  $[H^+] = 2.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ M}$

$$\text{pH} = -\log [H^+] = -\log (2.5 \times 10^{-2}) = 1.6$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - \text{pH} = 14 - 1.6 = 12.4$$

d)  $[OH^-] = 7.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$

$$\text{pOH} = -\log [OH^-] = -\log (7.5 \times 10^{-3}) = 2.12$$

$$\text{pH} = 14 - \text{pOH} = 14 - 2.12 = 11.88$$

e)  $[H^+] = 1.2 \times 10^{-14} \text{ M}$

$$\text{pH} = -\log [H^+] = -\log (1.2 \times 10^{-14}) = 13.92$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - \text{pH} = 14 - 13.92 = 0.08$$

f)  $[H^+] = 6.0 \text{ M}$

$$\text{pH} = -\log [H^+] = -\log (6) = -0.78$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - \text{pH} = 14 + 0.78 = 14.78$$

2. Calculate  $[H^+]$  and  $[OH^-]$  for the following:

a)  $\text{pH} = 3.0$

$$[H^+] = 10^{-\text{pH}} = 1 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-(14-\text{pH})} = 10^{-(14-3)} = 1 \times 10^{-11} \text{ M}$$

b)  $\text{pOH} = 2.6$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-\text{pOH}} = 10^{-2.6} = 2.5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ M}$$

$$[H^+] = 10^{-(14-\text{pOH})} = 10^{-(14-2.6)} = 10^{-(11.4)} = 3.98 \times 10^{-12} \text{ M}$$

c)  $\text{pOH} = 5.63$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-(5.63)} = 2.3 \times 10^{-6} \text{ M}$$

$$[H^+] = 10^{-(14-5.63)} = 10^{-(8.37)} = 4.3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ M}$$

d)  $\text{pH} = 7.51$

$$[H^+] = 10^{-(7.51)} = 10^{-(7+0.51)} = 3.1 \times 10^{-8} \text{ M}$$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-(14-7.51)} = 10^{-6.49} = 3.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ M}$$

e)  $\text{pOH} = -1.13$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-(-1.13)} = 13.49 \text{ M}$$

$$[H^+] = 10^{-(14+1.13)} = 10^{-(15.13)} = 7.4 \times 10^{-16} \text{ M}$$

f)  $\text{pH} = 0.03$

$$[H^+] = 10^{-(0.03)} = 0.93 \text{ M}$$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-(14-0.03)} = 10^{-13.97} = 1.1 \times 10^{-14} \text{ M}$$

3. Calculate the pH and pOH of the following acids:

a) 0.5 M perchloric acid,  $\text{HClO}_4$

$$\text{pH} = -\log [H^+] = -\log (0.5) = 0.3$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - \text{pH} = 14 - 0.3 = 13.7$$

b) 1.3 M hydrochloric acid,  $\text{HCl}$

$$\text{pH} = -\log (1.3) = -0.11$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - (-0.11) = 14.11$$

c) 0.257 M nitric acid,  $\text{HNO}_3$

$$\text{pH} = -\log (0.257) = 0.59$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - 0.59 = 13.61$$

d) 0.75 M sulfuric acid,  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$

$$\text{pH} = -2 \times \log (0.75) = -0.18$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - (-0.18) = 14.18$$