

Name : \_\_\_\_\_ Date : \_\_\_\_\_

# Molality Worksheet



1. What is the molality of a solution in which 3.0 moles of NaCl is dissolved in 1.5 kg of water?
2. What is the molality of a solution in which 25 g of NaCl is dissolved in 2.0 kg of water?
3. What is the molality of a solution in which 15 g of I<sub>2</sub> is dissolved in 500 g of alcohol?
4. How many grams of I<sub>2</sub> (solute) should be added to 750 g of CCl<sub>4</sub> (solvent) to prepare a 0.020 m solution?
5. How much water (solvent) should be added to 5.00 g of KCl to prepare a 0.500 m solution?
6. 326 g of C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> dissolve in 820 g of acetone. What is the molality?
7. What mass of glucose must dissolve in 400 g of ethanol to make a 1.6 m solution?
8. What mass of ethanol is 360 g of sucrose dissolved in to make a 1.6 m solution? If the density of ethanol is 0.89 g/mL, determine the volume of ethanol used.
9. What is the molality of a solution that contains 80.0 g Al<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> in 625 g H<sub>2</sub>O?
10. What mass of water is required to dissolve 175 g KNO<sub>3</sub> to produce a 2.25 m solution?

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# Molality Worksheet

## Answers

1. What is the molality of a solution in which 3.0 moles of NaCl is dissolved in 1.5 kg of water?

$$\text{Molality} = 3.0 \text{ mol}/1.5 \text{ kg} = 2.0 \text{ m}$$

2. What is the molality of a solution in which 25 g of NaCl is dissolved in 2.0 kg of water?

$$\text{Molality} = (25 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ mol}/58.5 \text{ g})/2.0 \text{ kg} = 0.22 \text{ m}$$

3. What is the molality of a solution in which 15 g of I<sub>2</sub> is dissolved in 500 g of alcohol?

$$\text{Molality} = (15 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ mol}/253.81 \text{ g})/0.500 \text{ kg} = 0.12 \text{ m}$$

4. How many grams of I<sub>2</sub> (solute) should be added to 750 g of CCl<sub>4</sub> (solvent) to prepare a 0.020 m solution?

$$\text{Moles of I}_2 = 0.020 \text{ m} \times 0.750 \text{ kg} = 0.015 \text{ mol}$$

$$\text{Mass of I}_2 = 0.015 \text{ mol} \times 253.81 \text{ g/mol} = 3.8 \text{ g}$$

5. How much water (solvent) should be added to 5.00 g of KCl to prepare a 0.500 m solution?

$$\text{Moles of KCl} = 5 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ mol}/74.5 \text{ g} = 0.067 \text{ mol}$$

$$\text{Mass of water} = 0.067 \text{ mol} / 0.500 \text{ m} = 0.134 \text{ kg}$$

6. 326 g of C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub> dissolve in 820 g of acetone. What is the molality?

$$\text{Molality} = (326 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ mol}/78 \text{ g})/0.820 \text{ kg} = 5.1 \text{ m}$$

7. What mass of glucose must dissolve in 400 g of ethanol to make a 1.6 m solution?

$$\text{Mass of C}_6\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_6 = 1.6 \text{ m} \times 0.400 \text{ kg} \times 180 \text{ g/mol} = 115.2 \text{ g}$$

8. What mass of ethanol is 360 g of sucrose dissolved in to make a 1.6 m solution? If the density of ethanol is 0.89 g/mL, determine the volume of ethanol used.

$$\text{Mass of ethanol} = (360 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ mol}/342.2 \text{ g})/1.6 \text{ m} = 0.656 \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Volume of ethanol} = 656 \text{ g}/0.89 \text{ g/mL} = 737 \text{ mL}$$

9. What is the molality of a solution that contains 80.0 g Al<sub>2</sub>(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub> in 625 g H<sub>2</sub>O?

$$\text{Molarity} = (80.0 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ mol}/342.14 \text{ g})/0.625 \text{ kg} = 0.374 \text{ m}$$

10. What mass of water is required to dissolve 175 g KNO<sub>3</sub> to produce a 2.25 m solution?

$$\text{Mass of water} = (175 \text{ g} \times 1 \text{ mol}/101.1 \text{ g})/2.25 \text{ m} = 0.769 \text{ kg}$$