# MOLAR MASS WORKSHEET

Determine the molar masses of the following compounds

- 1. Water
- 2. HCl
- 3. CO<sub>2</sub>
- 4. NaCl
- 5. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>
- 6. Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>
- 7. Ba(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>
- 8. KMnO<sub>4</sub>

Name :	T
ranie.	Date :



#### **Answers**

#### 1. Water

Molar mass of water =  $(2 \times Molar mass of hydrogen) + Molar mass of oxygen = <math>(2 \times 1.01) + 16 = 18.02 \text{ g/mol}$ 

#### 2. HCl

Molar mass of HCl = Molar mass of hydrogen + Molar mass of chlorine = 1.01 + 35.5 = 36.51 g/mol

#### 3. CO<sub>2</sub>

Molar mass of  $CO_2$  = Molar mass of carbon + (2 x Molar mass of oxygen) = 12 + (2 x 16) = 44 g/mol

#### 4. NaCl

Molar mass of NaCl = Molar mass of sodium + Molar mass of chlorine = 23 + 35.5 = 58.5 g/mol

## 5. H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Molar mass of  $H_2SO_4$  = (2 x Molar mass of hydrogen) + Molar mass of sulfur + (4 x Molar mass of oxygen) = (2 x 1.01) + 32.065 + (4 x 16) = 98.085 g/mol

## 6. Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub>

Molar mass of Ca(OH)<sub>2</sub> = Molar mass of calcium +  $(2 \times Molar mass of oxygen)$  +  $(2 \times Molar mass of hydrogen)$  =  $40.08 + (2 \times 16) + (2 \times 1.01)$  = 74.1 g/mol

## 7. $Ba(NO_3)_2$

Molar mass of Ba(NO<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> = Molar mass of barium +  $(2 \times Molar mass of nitrogen)$  +  $(6 \times Molar mass of oxygen)$  =  $137.33 + (2 \times 14.01) + (6 \times 16) = 741.35 \text{ g/mol}$ 

## 8. KMnO<sub>4</sub>

Molar mass of KMnO<sub>2</sub> = Molar mass of potassium + Molar mass of manganese +  $(4 \times Molar mass of oxygen) = 39.1 + 54.94 + (4 \times 16) = 158.04 g/mol$